

Energy storage to deal with commutation failure

What happens after commutation failure?

After commutation failure occurs, the DC voltage drops rapidly and the DC current increases sharply, causing a serious impact on the system, or even leading to transmission power interruption. With the increase of HVDC transmission projects, the supporting capacity of receiving end power grid decreases.

Can a generator support a commutation failure?

Most of the existing power compensation equipment can only compensate reactive power, and the generator which can support active power has slow response speed, so it is difficult to provide effective transient support in a short time scale to promote system power recovery and mitigate commutation failure.

Does coordinated power control of EES reduce commutation failure?

Compared with EES off or single power control of EES, coordinated power control of EES has better mitigation effect on SCFs. Coordinated power control of EES can suppress commutation failures within two times in different HVDC systems, different fault types and different fault degrees, which can effectively avoid blocking of DC system.

What is commutation failure in HVDC?

Commutation failure (CF) is one of the most common issues in HVDC transmission systems. CFs will directly cause a sudden increase in DC current and a sharp decrease in DC voltage. It is precisely because of the larger transmission capacity of UHVDC, the risk of DC pole blocking is increased due to the CFs of its converter station.

How commutation failure is influenced by AC system strength?

The commutation failure is also influenced by the AC system's strength. The higher is the AC system's strength, lesser will be the chances of commutation failure in a converter station and vice versa. In a single infeed LCC-HVDC system, a higher short circuit ratio (SCR) of the AC system results in lower commutation failure.

Does setting increase commutation failure resistance?

Therefore, by increasing the setting value, the commutation failure resistance can be improved to a certain extent. However, the increase of g setting value will lead to a decrease of system transmission capacity and the increase of converter reactive power consumption, which will worsen the economy.

In this paper, the influence of transient characteristics and energy storage parameters on commutation failure overvoltage of energy storage system connected to HVDC is analyzed. Based on PSASP simulation, combined with the actual characteristic setting parameters of a power grid in northwest China, the positive correlation between energy ...

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To better suppress the problem of continuous commutation failure on the contravariant side, this paper analyzes the mechanism of continuous commutation failure from multiple angles. The DC current command sensitivity of a voltage-dependent current order limiter (VDCOL) in the LCC-HVDC system is low, which will lead to different degrees of ...

- This paper deals with commutation failure of the line-commutated converter high voltage direct current (LCC HVDC) system caused by a three phase fault in the ac power system. An analytic calculation method is proposed to estimate the maximum permissible voltage drop at the LCC HVDC station on various operating point and to assess the area of ...

Simulation in PSCAD/EMTDC shows that the proposed constant AC voltage control of STATCOM can mitigate commutation failure when the levels of single phase fault at inverter busbar are 23.08% and 84.24%, and the additional DC current and extinction angle control functions can prevent continuous commutation failures when the fault level gets higher.

The sending end transient voltage disturbance (TVD) caused by commutation failure of line commutated converter-based high voltage direct current (LCC-HVDC) systems, which is characterized by "first reduce then rise", has received increasing attention due to its threat to the stable operation of renewable energy integrated modern power systems.

Abstract: Initiation of ac fault may lead to the commutation failure, and the high-voltage direct current (HVDC) system is still confronted with the risk of subsequent commutation failure (SCF) during recovery process prior to the fault clearance. In this paper, the mechanism of subsequent commutation failure is investigated through the analysis of controller response and ac-dc ...

In order to suppress the HVDC subsequent commutation failures, the reactive power source is applied to boost the reactive power compensation ability in the inverter side of the HVDC system. Meanwhile, the characteristic of the high-proportion power electronic devices is presented in the modern power system, and more large-capacity energy storage power stations access to the ...

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